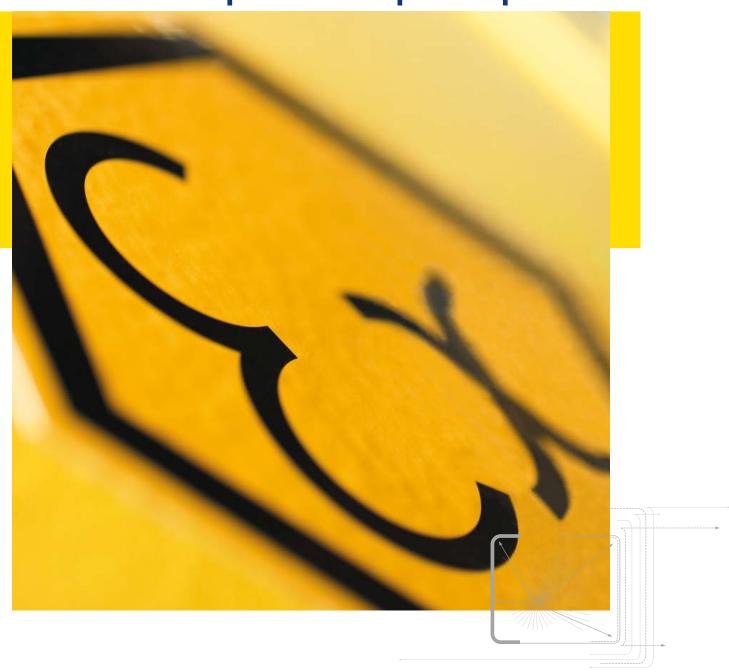
Expertise in explosion protection





STAHL CraneSystems – The Experts







Over 140 years of tradition, over 140 years of practical approach, competence and experience: STAHL CraneSystems can look back on a history characterised by the constant drive for innovation and significant modernisations. At the end of the nineteen-twenties, STAHL CraneSystems was one of the first, and for some time the only manufacturer to influence and advance the development of explosion-protected lifting technology. Revolutionary and programmatic in many fields, always receptive to new aspects, we have amassed a wealth of experience that gives us distinct advantages today. Profit from these advantages, from the expertise of one of the world's leading manufacturers of explosion-protected components and systems for overhead transportation. Technically and economically, our products not only belong to the top flight internationally but lead the way in the field of explosion protection.

First large electric portal crane

> First electric hoist with wire rope and drum

Construction of explosion-protected crane systems up to a lifting capacity of 100,000 kg for the chemical industry

AS range of wire rope hoists

T range of chain hoists

SH range of wire rope hoists

One of the largest and most comprehensive portfolios of explosion-proof hoist and crane technology in the world

1898

1922 1926

1983

1997 1998

2009

2010











Company founded by Rafael Stahl

Development of explosion-protected hoists, crane components and control technology begins

World innovation: first explosionprotected flameproof enclosed electric wire rope hoist

ST range of chain hoists ATEX product directive 2014/34/EU implemented in the whole product programme without exception

As explosion protection expert, STAHL CraneSystems offers explosion-protected customised solutions and crane technology for the gas liquefaction industry (LNG).





Information and standards

06	Explosion protection
08	Legal principles
10	Physical and technical principles
12	Duties and obligations of users in Europe

Expertise in explosion protection

Products and services

14	
	The danger points
16	
	Explosion-protected
	wire rope hoists
18_	
	Explosion-protected chain hoists
20	
	Components and electrics
22	
	The engineering
24	
	The support
26	
	On the spot and in action
	all around the world

Full IECEx-certification of the portfolio for Zone 1, Zone 2, Zone 21 and Zone 22



STAHL CraneSystems is in the process of being granted the Brasilian INMETRO certification for Zone 1 and Zone 21.

Extension of CSA approvals held since 2003 to include country approval for North America according to US NEC

Explosion protection



The beginnings of explosion protection are to be found in the mining industry where miners are exposed to the dangers of fire damp. This term refers to methane gas which escapes in coal mines in particular and which reacts explosively when combined with fine coal dust and air (fire damp explosion). Explosive atmospheres may however occur in other branches of industry too, for example in the chemical or petrochemical industries. Electrical apparatus used in potentially explosive atmospheres must be constructed in such a way that it does not become a source of ignition.

In order to avoid serious injuries and damage to material and the environment, safety regulations, laws, decrees and standards have been established in most states. In this way a high degree of safety has

developed in explosion protection across the world. As the physical laws regarding the occurrence of explosions and the measures taken to prevent them are based on similar principles everywhere, currently the aim is to harmonise approval conditions and regulations regarding conformity at an international level. This brochure merely outlines the European explosion protection directives which however correspond largely to the international IECEx regulations. It cannot take the place of an intensive analysis of national legal principles and standards.

STAHL CraneSystems is pioneering,
dynamic and uncompromising when
the safety of persons and machines
in areas subject to explosion
hazards is at stake. STAHL CraneSystems occupies an exceptional
position in this field with our many
decades of experience and expertise,
our own fundamental research

and development, approvals from the Federal Physico-Technical Institute (PTB) and other national and international test institutes and worldwide certification. All hoists and components stem from our own production. The distinguishing hallmarks of our products are the high level of in-house production and integrated quality management.

STAHL CraneSystems is the world specialist for explosion protection and as one of the world market leaders offers the most comprehensive and complete range of explosion-proof lifting, drive and control technology.

Chemical industry



Petrochemical industry





Food processing industry



Shipbuilding and offshore industry





Pharmaceutical industry

Energy supply

Legal principles





ATEX

With the ATEX product directive 2014/34/EU (ATEX 95) and the ATEX user directive 1999/92/EC (ATEX 137) the European Community has established the basis for uniform European explosion protection. This safety concept is applicable both for manufacturing electrical and non-electrical apparatus and for operating this apparatus in the respective industrial plants. The legislators of the individual member countries implement these directives in equivalent statutory regulations.

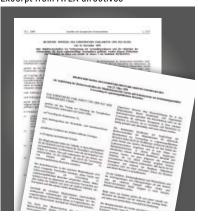
In Germany for example these are the Explosion Protection Ordinance ExVO (implementation of directive 2014/34/EU), the Industrial Safety Ordinance (implementation of directive 1999/92/EC) and the Technical Regulations for Industrial Safety (TRBS), the regulations issued by the Employers' Liability Insurance Associations (e.g. BGR 104, BGR 109 and BGR 132), the Employers' Liability Insurance Association information sheets (e.g. BGI 740) and the regulations issued by the VDI (Association of German Engineers) (e.g. 2263 and 3673).

ATEX directive 2014/34/EU defines the properties required by apparatus for safe use in explosive areas.

This includes classification into equipment groups and categories, the respective conformity assess-

ment procedures to be followed, manufacturers' responsibility including EU conformity marking, basic safety requirements for the development and manufacture of explosion-protected equipment and recognised quality management measures to be implemented during production. ATEX directive 99/92/EC defines the obligations of users and employers for employees' protection in explosive areas. Inter alia, the user must assess risk and classify the potentially explosive areas into corresponding zones so that the apparatus required by directive 2014/34/EU can be used in safety.

Excerpt from ATEX directives



Category 1 and M1	EU-type Conformity to type based on quality assurance of the examination (III) production process (IV)									
		Conformity to t	ype based on product verification (V)							
	Individual verificat	Individual verification (IX)								
Category 2 and M2	Electrical equipment	EU-type examination	Conformity to type based on product quality assurance							
	or Internal combustion engine	(111)	Conformity to type based on internal production control plus supervised product testing (VI)							
	Other apparatus	In-house production testing (VIII) and documentation at notified body								
	Individual verification (IX)									
Category 3	In-house production testing (VIII)									
	Individual verificat	Individual verification (IX)								



IECEx

The international IECEx scheme also aims to assess conformity and certify apparatus, systems and services for use in explosive areas. The IECEx system, introduced in 1996, supports the standardisation of norms and the issuing of certificates of conformity (CoC) unrelated to specific countries or regions, in order to thus simplify the free global movement of goods. There is already extensive agreement as to classes and requirements between the European ATEX directives and the IECEx regulations. This means that ATEX could one day be superseded.

IECEx is of great importance outside Europe. A total of 26 countries have acceded to IECEx and there are 34 recognised IECEx certification bodies (ExCB) and 36 recognised test laboratories (ExTLs) around the world. In countries which recognise IECEx, apparatus with the corresponding certification can be commissioned without further testing.

All products of STAHL CraneSystems are available also with IECEx certification. You will find further information on the IECEx system and its provisions including regulations, handbooks and procedures at: www.iecex.com

Useful links

ATEX

ec.europa.eu/growth/single-market/ european-standards/harmonised-standards

Explosion Protection Ordinance 11th GPSGV)

→ www.gesetze-im-internet.de/ bundesrecht/gsgv_11_2016 (German)

Technical Regulations for Industrial Safety (TRBS)

→ www.baua.de/en

Industrial Safety Ordinance (BetrSichV)

www.gesetze-im-internet.de/ betrsichv_2015 (German)

Regulations and information sheets of Employers' Liability Insurance Associations

www.bghm.de (German)

VDI regulations

→ www.vdi.eu/engineering/vdi-standards

International Electrotechnical Commission System for Certification to Standards Relating to Equipment for use in Explosive Atmospheres (IECEx)

→ www.iecex.com

International testing authorities





Physical and technical principles



An explosion is a precipitate chemical reaction of combustible matter with oxygen setting free high energy. In this connection, combustible matter may be gases, mists, vapours or dusts. An explosion can only take place if three factors come together: combustible matter (in suitable dispersion and concentration), oxygen (in the air) and a source of ignition (e.g. an electric spark).

It is thus necessary to prevent ignition or reduce the effect of an explosion to an innocuous level. To ensure this, apparatus which is used in potentially explosive atmospheres must be designed, manufactured and of course marked in compliance with the relevant regulations (ATEX product directive 2014/34/EU, IECEx regulations, etc.). Classification of

devices into groups and categories according to ATEX product directives or in EPL according to IFCFx standards results from their area of use or the safety level of protective measures and the frequency of occurrence of an explosive atmosphere. The highest possible risk potential must be taken into account when carrying out this classification. Only explosionprotected apparatus may be used in areas in which explosive atmospheres may occur in spite of all preventive measures. This apparatus is produced in various types of protection in accordance with the corresponding construction regulations (series of standards IEC/EN 60079 and ISO 80079-36/ EN ISO 80079-36).

The type of protection applied by the manufacturer depends on the type and function of the apparatus. All standardised types of protection within a category are equivalent. In the EU declaration of conformity included in the technical documentation the manufacturer confirms that the product meets the ATEX directives.

IEC 60079/EN 60079 for the use of electrical equipment in areas exposed to gas/dust explosion hazards IEC 60079-0/EN 60079-0 General requirements on design, testing and marking electrical equipment and Ex components











increased





EN 60079-15









flameproof enclosure IEC 60079-1 EN 60079-1 pressurised apparatus IEC 60079-2

EN 60079-2

powder filling IEC 60079-5 EN 60079-5 oil immersion

safety IEC 60079-6 IEC 60079-7 EN 60079-6 EN 60079-7 Ex i intrinsic safety

EN 60079-11

Zone 2 equipment IEC 60079-11 IEC 60079-15

Ex n

encapsulation

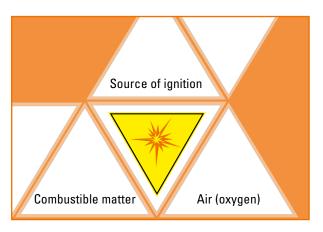
EN 60079-18

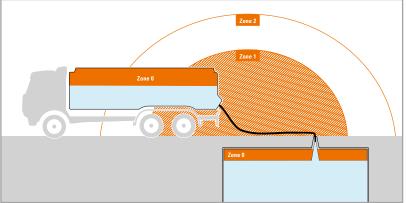
optical radiation IEC 60079-18

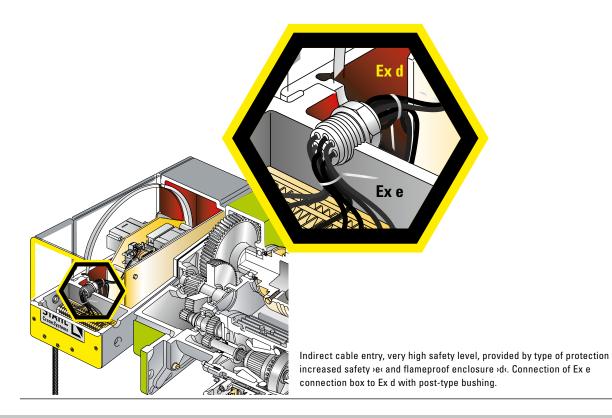
Ex on Ex t protection by housing

IEC 60079-28 IEC 60079-31 EN 60079-28 EN 60079-31









ISO 80079-36/EN ISO 80079-36 for non-electrical equipment in areas subject to gas/dust explosions



flameproof enclosure

IEC 60079-1 EN 60079-1



constructional safety

ISO 80079-37 EN ISO 80079-37



monitoring sources of ignition

ISO 80079-37 EN ISO 80079-37 EN 60079-2



Ехр pressurised apparatus

IEC 60079-2



Ex k liquid immersion

ISO 80079-37

EN ISO 80079-37

protection by enclosure IEC 60079-31 EN 60079-31

Duties and obligations of users in Europe



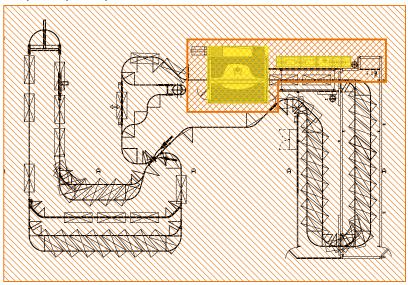
ATEX directive 1999/92/EC defines users' obligations for the protection of employees working in potentially explosive atmospheres. The user is obliged to establish technical and organisational measures to prevent explosions occurring. In this respect he must for example assess the potential danger and explosion risk, ensure that the working environment has been designed for safety and classify the hazardous areas into zones in accordance with the directives for safe operation of the apparatus which has been classified into categories. In addition he is

obliged to issue and maintain an explosion protection document.

Naturally further issues are defined in directive 1999/92/EC in order to implement explosion protection effectively. After a system has been commissioned in due form it must be monitored and maintained so that the safe condition of the system is ensured and all dangers can be excluded. The plant's expert has product-specific documents (rating plate, operating instructions, EC prototype test certificate, declaration of conformity, etc.) and universally valid documents (legal ordinances, industrial safety ordinance, technical regulations TRBS, norms and standards, etc.)

at his disposal. The full productspecific documentation must be managed and retained throughout the period of use of the apparatus and placed at the disposal of the experts entrusted with maintenance work.

Zone plan of a paint shop



Zone 0
Zone 1

Zone 2



Integrated explosion protection

Primary explosion protection

Preventing the formation of hazardous explosive atmospheres

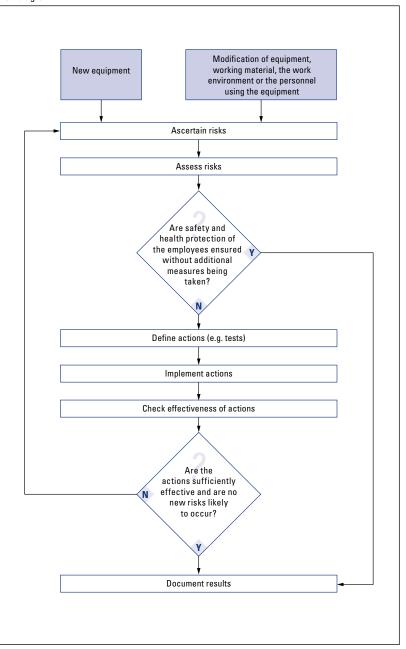
Secondary explosion protection

Preventing the ignition of hazardous explosive atmospheres

Tertiary explosion protection

Restricting the effects of an explosion to an innocuous level

Risk diagram



Expertise in explosion protection



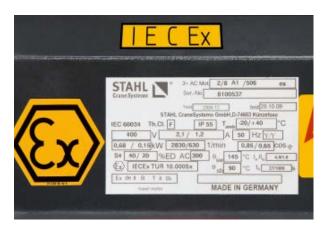
As one of the leading manufacturers of explosion-proof lifting and crane technology, STAHL CraneSystems offers a broad and complete portfolio of products as well as comprehensive services in this field.

Explosion-protected products from STAHL CraneSystems meet not only German national laws and European ATEX directives but also international standards and laws for the American and Asian market. For example, all products are certified both to ATEX and IECEx.

Our product types are certified after passing an EC prototype test and undergo the conformity assessment procedure specified in the directives. Development and manufacture of the series products are subject to our strict quality management monitored by independent European inspection authorities. The test certificates from the notified European inspection authorities are recognised throughout the EU. The rating plates indicate in addition to the usual data (manufacturer,

type, serial number, electrical data) the data relevant to explosion protection. CE marking of the products, declaration of conformity in writing and detailed operating instructions and documentation confirm that all valid EU directives applicable to the apparatus are observed.

Decades of experience in the field of explosion protection, responsible, expert staff and production in accordance with the latest directives and standards guarantee quality down to the last detail for every piece of explosion-protected equipment from STAHL CraneSystems.









Specific marking of explosion-protected devices (current marking, examples) CEN/CENELEC/IEC Ex IIB T4 Gb mb (as required) Symbol for explosion protection EPL (equipment protection level): $\mathbf{G} - \mathbf{gas}$ Types of protection: Ignition source monitoring $-\mathbf{b}$ D - dust Constructional safety -c | Flameproof enclosure -d, dba – very high safety level Increased safety - eb, ec | Intrinsic safety - ia, ib, ic b - high safety level Liquid immersion - k | Encapsulation - ma, mb c - extended safety level Type of protection nc - nCc, $nRc \mid Oil immersion - ob$ Pressurised enclosure - p, pxb, pyb, pzc Powder filling - qb | Protection by housing - ta, tb, tc Gas: temperature classes max. surface temperature $T1 - 450 \,^{\circ}C$ $T3 - 200 \,^{\circ}C$ $T5 - 100 \,^{\circ}C$ Gas group: Dust group: **T2** - 300 °C **T4** - 135 °C **T6** - 85 °C e.g. propane - IIA combustible flakes - IIIA e.g. ethylene - IIB non-conductive dust - IIIB Dust: specification of max. surface e.g. hydrogen – IIC conductive dust - IIIC temperature in °C (as required) ATEX (EU directive 2014/34/EU) CE G CE marking Type of explosive atmosphere for Group II Explosion protection symbol G Gases, vapours, mists Zone 0, 1, 2 Equipment group: mining - I Other potentially explosive atmospheres - II Dust Zone 20, 21, 22 Equipment category very high safety level - 1 for Equipment Group II:* high safety level - 2 normal safety level - 3 * for Equipment Group I: M1, M2





Operating instructions – contents in accordance with IEC/EN 60079-0 Commissioning Use Installation and dismantling Maintenance Electrical installation

Electrical parameters

Particular conditions

The danger points

In lifting, drive and control technology both electrical and non-electrical components and parts can trigger an explosion. STAHL CraneSystems therefore offers apparatus specially designed for use in areas subject to gas or dust explosion hazard. All hoists and crane components without exception are from our own production, from motor and brake to controls and switchgear, and meet the latest European (ATEX) and international (IECEx) construction and safety regulations for potentially explosive atmospheres.

1 Wheels



The type of protection of all wheels is constructional safety icc. If travel speeds are high, this also includes brass wheels.

2 Rope guide/chain guide



The wear-resistant rope guide in nodular graphite casting GJS (previously designated GGG) is extremely durable and not subject to temperature limitations. The same applies to the chain guide, type of protection used: constructional safety >cc.

3 Gear



The types of protection of the gear are constructional safety $x \in X$ and liquid immersion $x \in X$. The protective liquid (oil) prevents sparks.

4 Equipotential bonding



Equipotential bonding is essential for avoiding incendive sparks when installing crane technology in potentially explosive atmospheres.

5 Overload cut-off

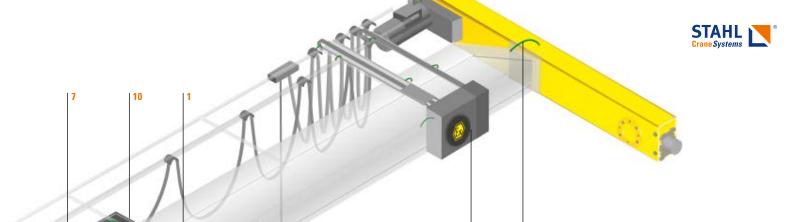


The overload cut-off operates with a dual channel load sensor supplying analog signals. Various sensors are used depending on reeving (LCD, LSD).

6 Panel box



The type of protection for panel boxes for Zone 1, 2 and 21 on cranes and hoists combines types of protection flameproof enclosure >d<, increased safety >e< and protection by housing >tD<.





7 Cable entry



Indirect cable entry, very high safety level from type of protection increased safety sec and flameproof enclosure adc.

Connection of the Ex e connection box to Ex d

8 Motors



Motors for Zone 1 and 21 are made of grey cast iron, the type of protection combines flameproof enclosure add, increased safety and protection by housing atDd. For Zone 2 the motors are made of aluminium and in type of protection non-sparking equipment and an IP 66 and protection by housing atDd.

9 Control pendant



The two-step SWH Ex control pendants in IP 66 protection are used on explosion-protected wire rope hoists for Zone 1.

10 Gear limit switch

by post-type bushing.



The protection class of the gear limit switch is IP 66. The elements installed are protected by flameproof enclosure >d<, the housing by increased safety >e<.

11 Bottom hook block



The type of protection employed is constructional safety ∞ , no aluminium is used. If travel speeds are high, individual parts, such as the load hook, are bronze-coated.

Explosion-protected wire rope hoists

The SH Ex and AS 7 Ex explosion-protected wire rope hoists from STAHL Crane-Systems meet the European product directive 2014/34/EU (ATEX 95) and the international IECEx regulations. They are constructed for use in Zone 1 or Zone 21, however they can also be used in Zone 2 or Zone 22.

These adaptable wire rope hoists are of systematically modular construction and designed for a load capacity range of 1,000 kg to 160,000 kg. For the load capacity range of 1,000 kg to 25,000 kg the versatile SH Ex series is available in five frame sizes with 15 load capacity brackets. The upper load capacity range up to 100,000 kg is covered by the field-proven AS 7 Ex and AS 7 Ex ZW series.

The attractive design of STAHL CraneSystems' wire rope hoists conceals a compact, robust construction which is largely low-maintenance. They are extremely reliable and have a longer-than-average service life. Common to all of them is the particularly smooth precise starting and braking characteristic.

The SHW Ex winch programme is available on request for the high-load bracket up to 160,000 kg.

The facts

- Condition monitoring apparatus in explosion-protected design ensures safe operation
- Electronic motor and brake management guarantees a long service life
- Most comprehensive explosionprotected wire rope hoist programme for the load capacity range from 500 kg to 160,000 kg
- Equipped as standard with two hoisting and two travelling speeds
- High standard classification in accordance with ISO

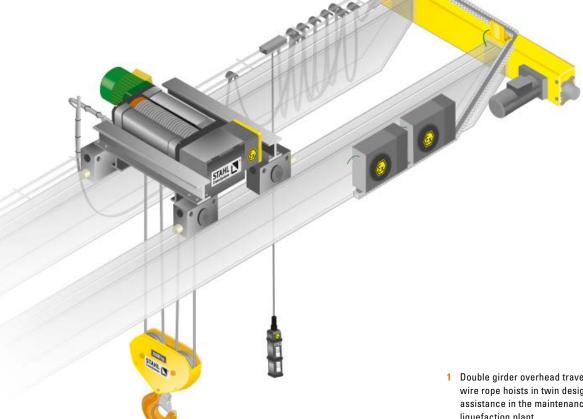
Standard classifications in accordance with ISO

Load capacity [kg]

Туре	Reeving	1,000	1,250	1,600	2,000	2,500	3,200	4,000	5,000	6,300	8,000	10,000	12,500	16,000	20,000	25,000	32,000	40,000	50,000
SH 3	2/1, 4/2	3m	2m	2m															
	4/1				3m	2m	2m												
SH 4	2/1, 4/2			3m	2m	2m	1Am												
	4/1						3m	2m	2m	1Am									
SH 5	2/1, 4/2						3m**	2m	2m	1Am									
	4/1									3m	2m	2m	1Am						
SHR 6	2/1								2m	2m	1Am								
	4/1											2m	2m	1Am					
SH 6	2/1										3m	2m	1Am						
	4/1													3m	2m	1Am			
	4/2										2m	2m	1Am						
AS 7	2/1												3m	2m	1Am	1Bm*			
	4/1															3m	2m	1Am	1Bm*

* for Zone 2, 22 only ** with 2/1 reeving, for Zone 1, 21 only





- 1 Double girder overhead travelling cranes with explosion-protected wire rope hoists in twin design and auxiliary hoist provide assistance in the maintenance of compressors in a hydrogen liquefaction plant.
- 2 SH Ex wire rope hoists are available for Zone 1 and Zone 2, and for Zone 21 and Zone 22. They reliably meet the technical, normative and practical requirements specified by ATEX and IECEx.





Use	Category	Protection against	Explosion protection class
Zone 1	Ex II 2 G	Gas	Ex de eb IIB T4 Gb or Ex de eb IIC T4 Gb
Zone 2	Ex II 3 G	Gas	Ex de eb nA IIB T3 (T4) Gc or Ex de eb nA IIC T3 (T4) Gc
Zone 21	Ex II 2 D	Dust	Ex tb IIIC T 120°C Db
Zone 22	Ex II 3 D	Dust	Ex tc IIIC T 120 °C Dc

Explosion-protected chain hoists

The ST Ex explosion-protected chain hoists from STAHL CraneSystems meet the European product directive 2014/34/EU (ATEX 95) and the international IECEx regulations. They are specially constructed for use in Zone 1 or Zone 21, however they can also be used in Zone 22. The mechanical design is prototype-tested: TÜV10ATEX7642x.

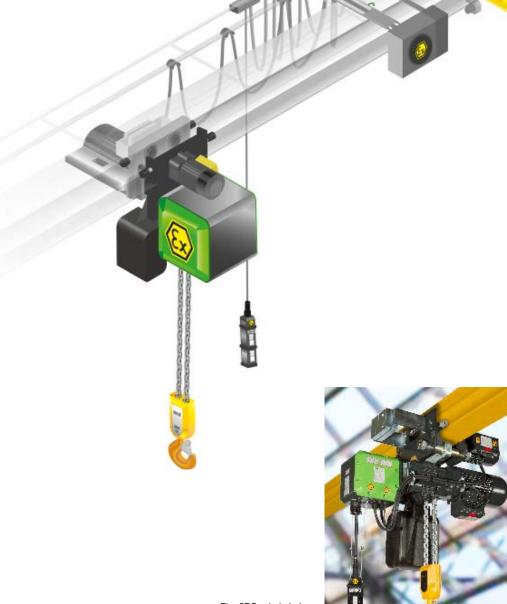
This series of chain hoists belongs to the most distinctive and comprehensive on offer in the world. In use in thousands of applications for decades, modernised and optimised again and again, this chain hoist is a classic, powerful, reliable and undemanding as regards maintenance and power consumption. The ST Ex series is available in 13 load capacity brackets from 125 kg to 6,300 kg. The ST Ex chain hoist is used as stationary hoist with suspension hook or eye, rigid attachment or with push or electric trolley and is particularly suitable for rugged use in industry. The innovative and pioneering design of the chain hoist brings considerable economic advantages. The extremely short headroom available as an option for every type of chain hoist optimises the effective hook height. In addition to standard versions, further off-standard versions and customer-specific solutions are available.

The facts

- Patented suspension directly on the chain guide
- The most comprehensive explosionprotected chain hoist programme for the load capacity range from 125 kg to 6,300 kg
- Maximum utilisation of space thanks to the extremely short and compact headroom dimensions
- Standard classification in accordance with ISO

		Load	capacit	y for Zo	ne 1 ai	nd 2 1 [k	.g]			Load	capaci	y for Z	one 22	[kg]								
Туре	Reeving	250	500	1,000	1,600	2,000	2,500	3,200	5,000	125	250	320	500	630	1,000	1,250	1,600	2,000	2,500	3,200	5,000	6,30
ST 05	1/1									3m/2m	1Am	1Bm										
	2/1												1Am	1Bm								
ST 10	1/1												1Am									
	2/1														1Am							
ST 20	1/1	3m	3m	1Am											2m/1Am							
	2/1		3m	3m	2m	1Am										3m		2m/1Am				
ST 30	1/1																1Bm					
	2/1																			1Bm		
ST 32	1/1															3m	2m/1Am					
	2/1																			2m/1Am		
ST 50	1/1					2m	1Am												1Am			
	2/1							2m	1Am												1Am	
ST 60	1/1																			1Bm		





The ST Ex chain hoist for Zone 22 is available in six frame sizes up to a load capacity of 6,300 kg.



The ST Ex chain hoist for Zone 1 and Zone 21 is available in two frame sizes up to a load capacity of 5,000 kg.

Use	Category	Protection against	Explosion protection class
Zone 1	Ex II 2 G	Gas	Ex de eb IIB T4 Gb or Ex de eb IIC T4 Gb
Zone 21	Ex II 2 D	Dust	Ex tb IIIC T 120°C Db
Zone 22	Ex II 3 D	Dust	Ex tc IIIC T 120°C Dc

Components and electrics

The components and electrics, which also meet the European product directive 2014/34/EU (ATEX 95) and the international IECEx regulations, are the perfect complement to explosion-protected lifting technology from STAHL CraneSystems.

The correct functioning and high performance of a crane system depend on the quality of all its components. These are developed down to the last detail by STAHL CraneSystems and supplied from our own production. Forward-looking, high-quality modules complement one another in the system and ensure both safety and cost-effectiveness. Using the modular components, our crane manufacturing partners in your region are able to adapt the crane system individually to customer-specific requirements and wishes. Mature, cost-effective electronics, drive technology to meet the highest demands, innovative modules and field-proven, robust standard components are available for these adaptations. The expert crane manufacturing partners and experienced system manufacturers are trained by STAHL CraneSystems' explosion protection experts so that they are always up to date as regards the status of national and international regulations and state-of-the-art technology.

Bottom hook block



For high and very high travelling speeds the load hook and the solid parts of potential impact surfaces are bronze-coated. In addition, all other exterior surfaces of the bottom hook block can be bronze-coated to prevent sparking.

Explosion-protected endcarriages	for single girder overhead travelling cranes, 7 wheel diameters and 5 wheelbases
	for double girder overhead travelling cranes, 7 wheel diameters and 6 wheelbases
	for single girder underhung cranes, 4 wheel diameters and 3 wheelbases
Explosion-protected drive technology	Supplied as standard with 2-step speeds 20/5 m/min or 40/10 m/min, other speeds on request
	As an option, stepless speed control
Explosion-protected	SWH 5 Ex wired control pendant
control technology	Panel box in explosion-protected design
Explosion-protected electrics	Festoon cables in conjunction with control pendants or radio remote controls



Panel box



Flameproof enclosure for Zone 1 and Zone 2: the sheet steel or aluminium housings can be used as individual housings or in combination. All components required such as transformers, contactors, fuses, measuring instruments and tripping devices can be installed in the modular-design housing. Post-type bushings provide the connection to the terminal box (in increased safety Ex e).

Travel drive



The explosion-protected travel drives Zone 1 and Zone 21 are designed for intermittent operation. They have a sliding rotor motor with conical brake and centrifugal mass for smooth starting and braking characteristics. All motors are pole-changing providing two travel speeds. The particularly quiet gear requires little maintenance thanks to its long-term oil bath lubrication.

Crane endcarriages



Crane systems up to a safe working load of 50,000 kg and a span of 30 m can be built with explosion-protected endcarriages for underhung and overhead travelling cranes. For particular applications, at customers' request and for increased safety all wheels can be supplied in brass.

Control pendants



The SWH 5 Ex control pendants are designed specifically for controlling hoists and cranes in hazardous areas. Activation is generally 2-step and permits a quick changeover from stast to sslow and vice versa. All control pendants are equipped with an EMERGENCY STOP slam button meeting the requirements of IEC/EN 60947-5-5.

The engineering

Engineering means innovation and individuality. Constantly redefining the lifting and transporting of loads for complex requirements even in explosive areas is a job for our experts. From one of the widest product ranges of standard components they regularly develop modern, individual explosion-protected customised solutions which meet all national and international directives and laws. The whole portfolio and all customised solutions are available in explosion-protected designs for Zone 1, Zone 2, Zone 21 and Zone 22.

Hardly any other manufacturer of lifting and crane technology can offer you this diversity of precisely designed explosion protection solutions in the highest quality and cost-effectiveness. Our products rank among the safest technology, in particular in the chemical, petrochemical and pharmaceutical industries, the food processing industry, power supply, shipbuilding, offshore and natural gas liquefaction industries (LNG).

The facts

- Perfectly matched to your product
- Every hoist is the result of over 140 years of experience and expertise
- Short development time
- Cost-effective thanks to modular system
- Technically mature thanks to the use of field-proven standard components
- High quality and reliability ensured by in-house production in Germany









LNG

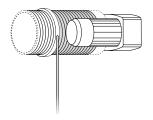
The LNG hoists from STAHL CraneSystems are designed especially for maintenance work on liquefied natural gas (LNG) tanks. Thanks to the high-quality components, robust construction, corrosion-resistant paint and extensive additional equipment they are optimally suited for use in coastal areas with challenging climate conditions. The pumps in the tanks, which pump the liquefied natural gas into a pipe system at temperatures of –164°C to –161°C, have to be lifted out of the 70 m high tanks and transported to the exterior up to five times a year for maintenance. The extreme conditions prevailing in the tank necessitate off-standard ropes permanently connected to the liquefied natural gas pump and remaining constantly in the tank. These ropes are attached to the rope drum and the hoist for maintenance work.

STAHL CraneSystems' LNG hoists are available in four safety levels, from Level 1 with increased safety to Level 2 with two rope drums running in parallel, Level 3A with redundantly built hoist and Level 3B with additional floating, spring-loaded suspension. STAHL CraneSystems' LNG hoists in Level 3B are regarded as the safest explosion-protected hoists currently on the market.

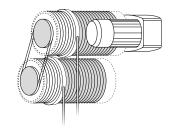
The experts in our engineering department develop these customised hoists for crane manufacturers and EPC contractors to meet their individual requirements, specifications, quality standards and national regulations.

The facts

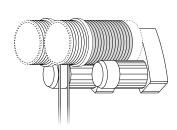
- Sophisticated engineering ideally adapted to your project
- Technically mature, using fieldproven standard components
- International specialist for explosion-protected hoist and crane technology
- Our own production with certified quality assurance
- All customised solutions certified to ATEX directives or IECEx regulations
- Partner for official international procedures
- Full documentation
- → For more information, visit www.stahlcranes.com or ask for our brochure "The LNG engineering solution", which we will gladly send to you by post.



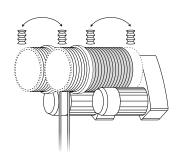
Safety Level 1



Safety Level 2



Safety Level 3A



Safety Level 3B



The support

Quality right down to the most minor detail is the standard STAHL Crane-Systems is committed to. Not only in the field of crane technology, but also on the subject of support. You will find lifting and crane technology from STAHL CraneSystems all around the world. Developed by engineers and experts, manufactured with maximum care following our well-known standard of quality. All around the world, many companies from various fields have decided on maximum safety and quality, on products from STAHL CraneSystems.

When it comes to sales, we are committed exclusively to capable, professional crane manufacturing partners. You can expect optimum support from them when your individual crane system with components from STAHL Crane-Systems is at stake. Consulting and erection of a new system, system-oriented testing and maintenance, modernisation, spare parts supply and training courses. Together with our subsidiaries and crane manufacturing partners we offer you perfectly coordinated support all over the world.









Spare parts – available around the clock

Our own subsidiaries and numerous partners around the world ensure a reliable supply of spare parts and expert assistance in your area. Even decades after a series has been discontinued, spare parts are available all over the world around the clock.



Training courses

We constantly keep our regional crane manufacturing partners up to date with training courses, seminars and information material. And you too as end customer can profit directly from our expertise. We impart practical and theoretical knowledge in our own training centre or on your premises. The seminars on offer in the form of individual, basic and advanced courses cover all main product groups. However, we would also be pleased to develop a special programme for your individual specifications and requirements.

You can find our current seminar programme at www.stahlcranes.com/en/support



Factory service centre – on duty around the world

Our factory service centre is a service for our customers: wherever you are, we assist your crane or systems manufacturer and your technicians with our experience and expertise whenever needed. Modern diagnostic apparatus and condition monitoring systems stand by to support professional service and maintenance work. Not only you, but also your system are in safe hands. You can rely on us.

You can reach our factory service centre at customer.service@stahlcranes.com



MarketingPortal plus - our online support

At mpplus.stahlcranes.com you can view or download the most important information quickly and conveniently: brochures, product information, technical documents, illustrations and much more.







On the spot and in action all around the world



- 4 Special LNG hoists are used for maintenance work on the pumps of liquid gas tanks. The wire rope hoists have two separately driven rope drums with safe working loads of 2,400 kg. An additional small slewing crane is equipped with an SH 30 Ex wire rope hoist and is used as an auxiliary crane for transporting tools and components onto the tank's platform.

- 1 The explosion-protected tandem crane with two SH wire rope hoists and radio remote control is used in the construction of a compressor station for a natural gas pipeline. Both SH 40 Ex wire rope hoists are designed for safe working loads of 3,200 kg and meet the ATEX directives as regards design and safety.
- 2 An explosion-protected ST 20 chain hoist with a safe working load up to 1,600 kg is used for maintenance work outdoors in a chemical plant. The narrow design of the explosion-protected chain hoist enables the whole width of the crane bridge to be utilised. The underhung crane endcarriages are naturally also explosionprotected.
- 3 The portal crane with two explosion-protected SH wire rope hoists and a total safe working load of 5 t is used in the large-scale refinery of a petrochemical company. It transports residual materials containing sulphur, oxygen and nitrogen which are generated when processing crude oil.





4





In action all around the world

Asia

You will find explosion-protected lifting and crane technology from STAHL CraneSystems all around the world. Our universally connected network of subsidiaries and partners enables us to be directly in your vicinity and yet to act globally. We would like to list here just a few of the companies which have decided on maximum safety and quality, on products from STAHL CraneSystems.

Europe
ABB Lummus Global GmbH, Germany
ABB Lummus Global GmbH, Spain
AkerKvaerner (Houston, USA), Italy
Borealis, Germany
BP CHEMBEL N.V., Belgium
Cobra Plantas Industriales, Spain
Eastern Petrochemical Co (Linde), Germany
Fluor, Germany
Fluor Daniel B.V., Norway
Fluxys Refinery, Belgium
Intecsa Industrial, Spain
Jacobs Engineering, Germany
Motor Oil (Hellas) Refineries Corinth, Greece
OMV Burghausen, Germany
Repsol Petroleo S.A. Petronor, Spain
Repsol YPF/Petronor, Spain
Sagas, Spain
Saipem S.A. (Technigas), Belgium
Scanraff Refinery (PREEM), Sweden
Sparrows Offshore Services Ltd, Great Britain
Statoil, Norway
Technip, Belgium
Ticona, Germany
Total Refinery (Antwerp), Belgium
Turkiye Petrol Rafinerileri A.S., Turkey
voestalpine AG (Linz), Austria

Daelim Engineering Co., Iran Ethylene Malaysia Sdn Bhd, Malaysia Formosa Plastics Corporation, Taiwan Foster Wheeler, Malaysia GS Engineering and Construction Corp., Thailand Hercules Chemical (Nanjing) Co., Ltd, China Jacobs Engineering, Singapore JGC Corporation (Japan), Oman Kuwait National Petroleum Co., Kuwait MAN Ferrostaal Essen, Oman MaisonWorleyParsons (Shanghai), China Mitsubishi Heavy Industries, Brunei PT Wirya Krenindo Perkasa, Indonesia Qatar Petroleum Dolphin Energy Co., U.A.E. Ras Laffan Olefins Company Limited (RLOC), Qatar Samsung, Saudi Arabia Saudi Petrochemical Company, Saudi Arabia SembCorp Simon Carves (UK), China Singapore Refining Co., Ltd (SRC), Singapore
Formosa Plastics Corporation, Taiwan Foster Wheeler, Malaysia GS Engineering and Construction Corp., Thailand Hercules Chemical (Nanjing) Co., Ltd, China Jacobs Engineering, Singapore JGC Corporation (Japan), Oman Kuwait National Petroleum Co., Kuwait MAN Ferrostaal Essen, Oman MaisonWorleyParsons (Shanghai), China Mitsubishi Heavy Industries, Brunei PT Wirya Krenindo Perkasa, Indonesia Qatar Petroleum Dolphin Energy Co., U.A.E. Ras Laffan Olefins Company Limited (RLOC), Qatar Samsung, Saudi Arabia Saudi Petrochemical Company, Saudi Arabia SembCorp Simon Carves (UK), China Singapore Refining Co., Ltd (SRC),
Foster Wheeler, Malaysia GS Engineering and Construction Corp., Thailand Hercules Chemical (Nanjing) Co., Ltd, China Jacobs Engineering, Singapore JGC Corporation (Japan), Oman Kuwait National Petroleum Co., Kuwait MAN Ferrostaal Essen, Oman MaisonWorleyParsons (Shanghai), China Mitsubishi Heavy Industries, Brunei PT Wirya Krenindo Perkasa, Indonesia Qatar Petroleum Dolphin Energy Co., U.A.E. Ras Laffan Olefins Company Limited (RLOC), Qatar Samsung, Saudi Arabia Saudi Petrochemical Company, Saudi Arabia SembCorp Simon Carves (UK), China Singapore Refining Co., Ltd (SRC),
GS Engineering and Construction Corp., Thailand Hercules Chemical (Nanjing) Co., Ltd, China Jacobs Engineering, Singapore JGC Corporation (Japan), Oman Kuwait National Petroleum Co., Kuwait MAN Ferrostaal Essen, Oman MaisonWorleyParsons (Shanghai), China Mitsubishi Heavy Industries, Brunei PT Wirya Krenindo Perkasa, Indonesia Qatar Petroleum Dolphin Energy Co., U.A.E. Ras Laffan Olefins Company Limited (RLOC), Qatar Samsung, Saudi Arabia Saudi Petrochemical Company, Saudi Arabia SembCorp Simon Carves (UK), China Singapore Refining Co., Ltd (SRC),
Thailand Hercules Chemical (Nanjing) Co., Ltd, China Jacobs Engineering, Singapore JGC Corporation (Japan), Oman Kuwait National Petroleum Co., Kuwait MAN Ferrostaal Essen, Oman MaisonWorleyParsons (Shanghai), China Mitsubishi Heavy Industries, Brunei PT Wirya Krenindo Perkasa, Indonesia Qatar Petroleum Dolphin Energy Co., U.A.E. Ras Laffan Olefins Company Limited (RLOC), Qatar Samsung, Saudi Arabia Saudi Petrochemical Company, Saudi Arabia SembCorp Simon Carves (UK), China Singapore Refining Co., Ltd (SRC),
Jacobs Engineering, Singapore JGC Corporation (Japan), Oman Kuwait National Petroleum Co., Kuwait MAN Ferrostaal Essen, Oman MaisonWorleyParsons (Shanghai), China Mitsubishi Heavy Industries, Brunei PT Wirya Krenindo Perkasa, Indonesia Qatar Petroleum Dolphin Energy Co., U.A.E. Ras Laffan Olefins Company Limited (RLOC), Qatar Samsung, Saudi Arabia Saudi Petrochemical Company, Saudi Arabia SembCorp Simon Carves (UK), China Singapore Refining Co., Ltd (SRC),
JGC Corporation (Japan), Oman Kuwait National Petroleum Co., Kuwait MAN Ferrostaal Essen, Oman MaisonWorleyParsons (Shanghai), China Mitsubishi Heavy Industries, Brunei PT Wirya Krenindo Perkasa, Indonesia Qatar Petroleum Dolphin Energy Co., U.A.E. Ras Laffan Olefins Company Limited (RLOC), Qatar Samsung, Saudi Arabia Saudi Petrochemical Company, Saudi Arabia SembCorp Simon Carves (UK), China Singapore Refining Co., Ltd (SRC),
Kuwait National Petroleum Co., Kuwait MAN Ferrostaal Essen, Oman MaisonWorleyParsons (Shanghai), China Mitsubishi Heavy Industries, Brunei PT Wirya Krenindo Perkasa, Indonesia Qatar Petroleum Dolphin Energy Co., U.A.E. Ras Laffan Olefins Company Limited (RLOC), Qatar Samsung, Saudi Arabia Saudi Petrochemical Company, Saudi Arabia SembCorp Simon Carves (UK), China Singapore Refining Co., Ltd (SRC),
MAN Ferrostaal Essen, Oman MaisonWorleyParsons (Shanghai), China Mitsubishi Heavy Industries, Brunei PT Wirya Krenindo Perkasa, Indonesia Qatar Petroleum Dolphin Energy Co., U.A.E. Ras Laffan Olefins Company Limited (RLOC), Qatar Samsung, Saudi Arabia Saudi Petrochemical Company, Saudi Arabia SembCorp Simon Carves (UK), China Singapore Refining Co., Ltd (SRC),
MaisonWorleyParsons (Shanghai), China Mitsubishi Heavy Industries, Brunei PT Wirya Krenindo Perkasa, Indonesia Qatar Petroleum Dolphin Energy Co., U.A.E. Ras Laffan Olefins Company Limited (RLOC), Qatar Samsung, Saudi Arabia Saudi Petrochemical Company, Saudi Arabia SembCorp Simon Carves (UK), China Singapore Refining Co., Ltd (SRC),
Mitsubishi Heavy Industries, Brunei PT Wirya Krenindo Perkasa, Indonesia Qatar Petroleum Dolphin Energy Co., U.A.E. Ras Laffan Olefins Company Limited (RLOC), Qatar Samsung, Saudi Arabia Saudi Petrochemical Company, Saudi Arabia SembCorp Simon Carves (UK), China Singapore Refining Co., Ltd (SRC),
PT Wirya Krenindo Perkasa, Indonesia Qatar Petroleum Dolphin Energy Co., U.A.E. Ras Laffan Olefins Company Limited (RLOC), Qatar Samsung, Saudi Arabia Saudi Petrochemical Company, Saudi Arabia SembCorp Simon Carves (UK), China Singapore Refining Co., Ltd (SRC),
Qatar Petroleum Dolphin Energy Co., U.A.E. Ras Laffan Olefins Company Limited (RLOC), Qatar Samsung, Saudi Arabia Saudi Petrochemical Company, Saudi Arabia SembCorp Simon Carves (UK), China Singapore Refining Co., Ltd (SRC),
Ras Laffan Olefins Company Limited (RLOC), Qatar Samsung, Saudi Arabia Saudi Petrochemical Company, Saudi Arabia SembCorp Simon Carves (UK), China Singapore Refining Co., Ltd (SRC),
Qatar Samsung, Saudi Arabia Saudi Petrochemical Company, Saudi Arabia SembCorp Simon Carves (UK), China Singapore Refining Co., Ltd (SRC),
Saudi Petrochemical Company, Saudi Arabia SembCorp Simon Carves (UK), China Singapore Refining Co., Ltd (SRC),
Saudi Arabia SembCorp Simon Carves (UK), China Singapore Refining Co., Ltd (SRC),
Singapore Refining Co., Ltd (SRC),
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
Sparrows Offshore Services Ltd., Azerbaijan
Technip France (Paris), Qatar
The Kuwait Olefins Company (TKOC), Kuwait
ToyoThai (Bayer BPA, Thailand), Thailand

4	Africa
	BP Exploration, Algeria
	Cullum Detuners Limited, Nigeria
	El Djazairia El Omania Lil Asmida SpA, Algeria
I	Mitsubishi Heavy Industries, Algeria
ı	Mobil, Nigeria
•	Tecnicas Reunidas (Spain), Algeria
	TFT Argelia, Algeria
I	North America
,	AKER Kvaerner Contracting, USA
ı	Noble Drilling, USA
	South America
	Atlas Methanol Company, Trinidad and Tobago
I	Ferrostaal (Germany), Trinidad and Tobago
ı	HDT-HCK UTE, Chile
I	KÜTTNER, S.A. (Germany), Mexico
ı	UTE Coker Aconcagua I, Chile
1	Australia
ı	Kellogg Joint Venture, Australia
١	Woodside Energy Ltd., Australia

Argentina Australia Austria Belgium Brazil Canada Chile China Columbia Croatia Czech Republic Denmark Ecuador Egypt Estonia Finland France Germany Great Britain Greece Hongkong Hungary India Indonesia

Ireland Israel Italy Jordan Latvia Lebanon Lithuania Malaysia Mexico Netherlands Nigeria Norway Pakistan Peru Philippines Poland **Portugal** Rumania Russia

Singapore Slovakia Slovenia South Africa South Korea Spain Sweden Syria
Taiwan Thailand Turkey UAE Uruguay USA Venezuela Vietnam

Sales partners Subsidiaries

You can find this and other brochures at www.stahlcranes.com/download. We will gladly also send them to you by post.

















Presented by

STAHL CraneSystems GmbH Daimlerstr. 6, 74653 Künzelsau, Germany Tel +49 7940 128-0, Fax +49 7940 55665 marketing.scs@stahlcranes.com www.stahlcranes.com

a member of COLUMBUS McKINNON

Partner of Experts

